



World Health
Organization

TUBERCULOSIS

Stop TB Department Core Functions - 2011

TOP 10 TB FACTS



1. 9.4 million cases, including 3.3 million women, in 2009
2. 1.7 million deaths, including 600,000 women, in 2009
3. Highest rates of TB in Africa; greatest number in Asia
4. Incidence rates now declining, but still too slowly
5. 86% of TB cases successfully treated; 63% of cases detected
6. 41 million cured by DOTS/Stop TB Strategy since 1995
7. 6 million lives saved by DOTS/Stop TB Strategy since 1995
8. 35% reduction in mortality rates since 1990
9. 440,000 MDR-TB cases per year; XDR-TB in 58 countries
10. 12% of TB cases due to HIV; 26% of TB patients tested for HIV

2011 PRIORITIES UNDER 5 CORE FUNCTIONS

Development of Policy, Norms and Standards

- Active and early TB case finding in all services where people seek care
- New diagnostics for rapid detection of TB and MDR-TB
- Guidance on evidence needed for adoption of new TB drugs
- Guidance for co-interventions (e.g. TB/diabetes) and on human rights-based approach

Technical Support to Member States

- Coordinated support for scale up of MDR-TB diagnosis, management and surveillance
- Effective civil society engagement and community-based TB care
- Global Fund-related proposal writing and grant implementation

Monitoring and Evaluation

- Annual TB control report – epidemiology, strategy, financing
- TB impact measurement, via surveillance and surveys – focus on global targets for 2015

Research and Knowledge Management

- High-level consensus on priority research agendas through the TB Research Movement

Fostering of Partnerships

- Housing of the Stop TB Partnership and secretariat for several Stop TB Working Groups

THE 6 COMPONENTS OF THE STOP TB STRATEGY

1. Pursue high-quality DOTS expansion and enhancement
2. Address TB-HIV, MDR-TB, and the needs of poor and vulnerable populations
3. Contribute to health system strengthening based on primary health care
4. Engage all care providers
5. Empower people with TB, and communities through partnership
6. Enable and promote research



Director's Office (STB/DO)
M. Raviglione, Director

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 Planning, Financing & Administration

Stop TB Partnership Secretariat (TBP)
L. Ditiu
 Executive Secretary

Policy, Strategy & Innovations (PSI) D. Weil Coordinator	TB policy & STAG-TB Service delivery innovations & Public-Private Mix TB social determinants Resource mobilization & Information
Technical Support Coordination (TSC) M. Grzemska Coordinator	Regional collaboration & technical support TBTEAM Secretariat & Global Fund collaboration TBCARE collaboration DOTS Expansion Working Group Secretariat Paediatric TB
TB Monitoring & Evaluation (TME) K. Floyd Coordinator	TB surveillance & monitoring Drug resistance surveillance Epidemiology & impact assessment Economics, budgeting & financing
TB/HIV, Community & Civil Society Engagement (THC) H. Getahun Coordinator	TB/HIV policy, response and innovations Community-based TB care Engagement of NGOs & other CSOs TB/HIV Working Group Secretariat
MDR-TB/GLC Operations (MDR) P. Nunn Coordinator	MDR-TB policy, response & innovations Global GLC Secretariat MDR-TB Working Group Secretariat
TB Diagnostics & Laboratory Strengthening (TBL) K. Weyer Coordinator	Diagnostics & laboratory policy and innovations Global Laboratory Initiative Secretariat Supranational Reference Laboratory Network (SRLN) EXPAND-TB project Roll-out of new diagnostics

Strategic planning & advocacy
 TB communications & awareness
 National, global & regional partnerships
 Drugs & diagnostics procurement (GDF)
 TB Research Movement & innovations
 Facilities for access to TB care & innovative approaches for poor & vulnerable communities (TBREACH & CFCS)
 Global Fund collaboration
 Planning, budgeting, management & donor relations

STB works with 6 WHO Regional Offices and TB staff in 45 WHO Country Offices